

Venezuela Rejects 'Dangerous' Resolution by the OAS

11/01/2019



The Venezuelan government deemed the resolution a "flagrant violation of international law" and a threat to the "people's right to peace."

Venezuela's Foreign Affairs Ministry issued an official statement Friday in response to a "dangerous" resolution approved Thursday during an extraordinary session of the Organization of American States (OAS).

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"The Bolivarian Republic of Venezuela condemns the measures of coercion used in our region by the United States regime to promote its criminal aggression campaign against the People and government of Venezuela to further its policy of regime change in our country in flagrant violation of international law," the communique shared by Foreign Affairs Minister <u>Jorge Arreaza</u> states.

Thursday's OAS declaration (sponsored by Argentina, Chile, Colombia, Costa Rica, the United States, Peru, and Paraguay) seeks to disavow the legitimacy of President Nicolas Maduro, who was elected for a second term in May 2018. His runner up, Henry Falcon obtained only 21 percent of the vote, partly because a section of Venezuela's right-wing opposition decided to boycott the elections.

The Venezuelan government also thanked the countries that refused to sign the declaration, knowing that "this judicial manipulation threatens our people's right to peace and endangers the stability of Latin America and the Caribbean."

Despite U.S. pressure, the OAS declaration did not manage to gain new supporters. A fact celebrated by Venezuela.

The statement concluded with a defense of the right of Venezuelan people to selfdetermination and to elect its national authorities. "Sovereignty resides in the Venezuelan people, the only that can grant legitimacy to the powers of the Venezuelan state."

Venezuela has long been targeted by the OAS. However, on Thursday the spokesperson for the head of the <u>United Nations</u>, Antonio Guterres, said they "will continue working with the government of Venezuela" and stressed it is not their role to recognize or not recognize elected governments.